

162. "Sludge" - Any solid, semi-solid or liquid waste generated from a municipal, commercial, or industrial wastewater treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility or any other waste having similar characteristics and effects as defined in standards issued under Section 402, 405 of the Federal Act and in the applicable requirements under Sections 3001, 3004 and 4004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act PL 94-580.
163. "Slug" - Any discharge of water or wastewater which in concentration of any given constituent or in quantity of flow exceeds for any period of duration longer than five (5) minutes more than five (5) times the average twenty-four (24) hour concentration of flow during normal operation and shall adversely affect the sewage works.
164. "Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)" - A classification pursuant to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, 1972.
165. "Standard Methods" - Shall mean the laboratory procedures set forth in the latest edition, at the time of analysis, of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" prepared and published jointly by the American Public Health Association, the American Water Works Association and the Water Pollution Control Federation.
166. "Storm Water" - Any flow occurring during or following any form of natural precipitation and resulting therefrom.
167. "Superintendent" - The administrative head of the Wastewater Treatment Plant.
168. "Supervisor, Sewer Maintenance" - Administrative head of sewer maintenance.
169. "Surcharge" - A charge for services in addition to the basic service charge.
170. "Suspended Solids" - Solids which either float on the surface of or are in suspension in water, sewage, or other liquid and which are removable by laboratory filtration. Their concentration shall be expressed in milligrams per liter. Quantitative determination shall be made in accordance with procedures set forth in "Standard Methods".
171. "Total Solids" - The sum of suspended and dissolved solids.
172. "Toxic Amount" - Concentrations of any pollutant or combination of pollutants which upon exposure to or assimilation into any organism will cause adverse effects such as cancer, genetic mutations, and physiological manifestations, as defined in standards issued pursuant to the Clean Water Act (P.L. 94-217).
173. "Toxicant" - A substance that is known or suspected carcinogens, mutagens, or teratogens and substances present in industrial discharges with known toxic effects on human and aquatic life which is among the 129 elements and compounds "priority pollutants" developed under the Clean Water Act.
174. "Unpolluted Water" - Water of quality equal to or better than the effluent criteria in effect, or water that would not cause violation of receiving water quality standards and would not be benefited by discharge to sanitary sewers and wastewater treatment facilities provided.
175. "Upset" - An exceptional incident in which a Discharger unintentionally and temporarily is in a state of noncompliance with the standards set forth in this Ordinance due to factors beyond the reasonable control of the Discharger, and excluding noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed pretreatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation thereof.
176. "User" - Any person that discharges, causes, or permits the discharge of wastewater into the sewerage system.
177. "User Classes" - The Industrial Class shall include any user, identified in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual of 1972, Office of Management and Budget, as amended and supplemented, under the following divisions: Division A - Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; Division B - Mining; Division D - Manufacturing; Division E - Transportation, Communications, Electric, Gas and Sanitary services; and Division I - Services. The Non-Industrial Class shall include all users whose wastes are separated