

- 301.5 Any noxious or malodorous liquids, gases, or solids which either singly or by interaction with other wastes are sufficient to create a public nuisance or hazard to life or are sufficient to prevent entry into the sewers for maintenance and repair.
- 301.6 Any substance which will cause the POTW to violate its limits and restrictions set forth in the City of Lebanon's NPDES Permit No. IN-0020818.
- 301.7 Any substance with objectionable color not removed in the treatment process, such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions.
- 301.8 Any wastewater having a temperature which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW treatment plant resulting in interference; but in no case, wastewater with a temperature at the introduction into the POTW which exceeds 40°C (104°F) or any liquid or vapor discharged into the sewer system having a temperature higher than one hundred fifty (150°F) (65°C).
- 301.9 Any unpolluted water including, but not limited to non-contact cooling water.
- 301.10 Any waters or wastes containing acid metallic pickling wastes or concentrated plating solutions.
- 301.11 Any toxic radioactive isotopes of such half life or concentration as exceeds limits established by Federal Regulations. The radioactive isotopes I 131 and P 32 used in hospitals are not prohibited, if they are properly diluted before being discharged into the sewerage system.
- 301.12 Any waters or wastes containing any toxic substances in quantities that are sufficient to (1) interfere with the biochemical processes of the Wastewater Treatment Plant, (2) that will pass through the plant into the receiving stream in amounts exceeding the standards set by federal, interstate, state or other competent authority having jurisdiction, or (3) contaminate sewage sludge, (4) that contain iron or any other toxic ions, compounds, or substances in concentrations or amounts exceeding the limits established from time to time by the Utilities Service Board that exert an excessive chlorine requirement on the POTW.
- 301.13 Any unusual volume of flow or concentration of wastes constituting "slugs" that for a duration of five (5) minutes or more have a concentration or flow of more than five (5) times the average concentration of the BOD, the suspended solids or flow of the customer's sewage discharged during a twenty-four (24) hour period of normal operation and are released in a single extraordinary discharge event which causes interference to the POTW.
- 301.14 Any waters or wastes containing suspended solids or dissolved solids of such character and quantity that unusual provision, attention, and expense would be required to handle such materials at the Wastewater Treatment Plant, its pumping stations, or other facilities.
- 301.15 Any substance which may cause the POTW's effluent or any other product of the POTW such as residues, sludges, or scums, to be unsuitable for reclamation and reuse or to interfere with the reclamation process. In no case, shall a substance discharged to the POTW cause the POTW to be in non-compliance with sludge use or disposal criteria, guidelines or regulations developed under Section 405 of the Act; any criteria, guidelines, or regulations affecting sludge use or disposal developed pursuant to the Solid Waste Disposal Act, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Clean Air Act, the Toxic Substances Control Act, or State criteria applicable to the sludge management method being used.
- 301.16 Any wastewater which causes a hazard to human life or creates a public nuisance.

When the Utilities Manager or Superintendent determines that a User(s) is contributing to the POTW, any of the above enumerated substances in such amounts as to interfere with the operation of the POTW, the Utilities Manager or Superintendent, POTW shall:

- (1) Advise the User (s) of the impact of the contribution on the POTW. and